Weekly Overview of Learning

Year group: Reception Week beginning: Monday 18th March 2024

Every **Tuesday**, you will see the weekly overview that sets out our learning for the week on the learning section of our school website. This is the work that children will be doing in school. Home learning will be set on Tapestry every **Thursday** and this should be completed and uploaded to Tapestry by **Monday** morning. If there are any questions, please email your child's class teacher.

Reminders

Please make sure your child has completed the home learning tasks and uploaded them on Tapestry each week. Thank you!

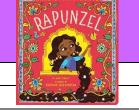
This half-term our topic is: Long Ago The focus story this week is: Rapunzel

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Week 10 Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
L: We are learning to hear the air sound Yes and No Questions We will review previous learning by reading different questions and nodding or shaking our heads. (The questions have the previous sounds learned.) Introduce the air grapheme We will then encourage the children to make the air sound with their mouth and introduce words containing air using the PowerPoint on the Monster Phonics website. We will then ask the children to do the Tricky Witch action every time they hear the air sound in the video. We will ask the children if they can they remember all of the air words by the end of the video and we will then create word art using black and gold pencils/crayons.	LI: We are learning to read and spell words containing air. Full circle We will revise our learning from yesterday by creating air words using the different graphemes. Teach We will then use my turn, our turn your turn to teach the children how to write air words and then write simple captions using the air words, e.g. I have gold hair.	LI: We are learning to read sentences containing air and igh words. Phoneme frame We will review previous learning by writing words containing learned sounds inside phoneme frames. Story Sequencing, we will print out the Rapunzel story and ask the children to work in pairs to read the sentences and put the pages in the correct order. Rapunzel we will print out the result of the sentences and put the pages in the correct order.	LI: We are learning to spell words <u>containing air and igh.</u> Blending Skills, we will practise sounds we have already learned by reading through the Blending PowerPoint on the Monster Phonics website. Word Art We will all work together to create flashcards for air and igh words using black and gold paints and pencils. <u>fair</u> <u>fair</u>	LI: We are reviewing all sounds learned in recent weeks. Buried Treasure We will revisit of sounds already learnt by playing the Buried Treasure PowerPoint. Model writing The teacher will model how to write the sentence: She had hair for stairs. We will then ask the children what picture might they draw to show this. We will then ask the children to write the following sentences and add pictures for: The light will help. They said it is fair. She had hair for stairs.



Literacy



Why is the prince feeling

glad?

What connective works in the

sentence?

Book: Rapunzel

Writing task: To use adjectives and connectives to describe Rapunzel.

What happens next?

What happens after?

Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday LI - We are learning to blend to LI - We are learning to listen LI - We are learning to use time LI. We are learning to use LI - We are learning to extend attentively, understand and connectives to order the events read and recognise high connectives to extend our sentences when writing. frequency words. answer questions. in a story. sentences. Today, we are going to complete a shared write using Today, introduce the new Today, recap the story Rapunzel-Today, the children will be Today, we are going to introduce story called Rapunzel. what can the children practicing reading and recognising connective like 'and, but, so and connectives. Look at the high frequency words. Look at the Discuss the characters, remember? Retell the story because'. Encourage children to image from the story and give where the story is set and using the key vocabulary. Share caption and help the children use the children time to discuss read the sentence and then think the pictures, what can they see, their phonic knowledge to blend about what word is missing? Try their ideas. Collect the what they predict will happen in the story. Then, what is happening in the image? and segment words to read. using different connectives to children's ideas and then read the story and take time Now, reorganise the pictures to see which word fits the sentence create a sentence. Use 'my March 2024 hing to blend to read and recognise high to pause, look at pictures make sure that they are in the and makes sense. Can they think turn, our turn' and then and focus on key vocabulary. of their own sentence with a model a sentence. Get the correct order. Use My turn, Our children to read and say the Finally, explore the key turn and your turn to model connective? vocabulary used to describe language like 'First she.. then words. Thursday 21st March 2024 Rapunzel and use the she... next'. We are learning to use connectives to extend sentenc The witch wanted to get in th<mark>e tower _____</mark> she said, **Key vocabulary:** Pair deave What is hoppoing in Harpic Danses Corplets the sector the prices in hoppy formers. He is glid because. Let down your hair!" She, was, a, hair, tower **Kev Questions:** What sounds does the Monster Key vocabulary: make? Key vocabulary: And, but, so, because What colour is the sound? And, but, so, because **Key vocabulary:** First, then, next, after **Key Questions:** thinking frame to collect new What is happening in the **Key Questions:** adjectives to describe her. What is happening in the picture? **Key Questions:** Does the sentence make sense? picture? What happens first?

Key vocabulary: Long, dark, pretty, lonely

Key Questions:		
Which characters are in the		
story?		
Where is the story set?		
What do you think will		
happen in the story?		
How is Rapunzel feeling?		
Why is Rapunzel locked in		
the tower?		



Theme: 9 and 10

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
LI. We are learning our number	LI. We are learning that double	LI. We are learning to find	LI. We are learning to make	LI. We are learning to explain
bonds to 10 (three parts, e.g. 5	means twice as many.	doubles to 10 using our fingers.	doubles to 10.	why a number of objects may
+ 3 + 2)	Activity:			be odd or even.
Activity:	We will remind the children	Activity:	Activity:	Activity:
We will explore 10 further and	that double means twice as	Today we will remind the	Today we will continue to learn	Today we will read Odd One
realise that the number can	many. We will explore a range	children of our learning on	different visuals	Day and encourage the children
have three or more parts, not	of different visual	Tuesday and encourage	representations of doubles. We	to build odd and even alien
just the two parts we learned	representations of doubles. We	everyone to use fingers to make	will roll a dice and use a large	pictures. We will explore
last week.	will begin by using numicon	different doubles.	tens frame to make different	numbers on tens frames and
	shales to help us learn the	Vocabulary:	doubles.	notice when a tens frame has
Today we will set up a small	doubles rhyme:	Double	Vocabulary:	two equal groups (even
world area with a log, a pond,		Twice as many	Double	numbers) and when a tens
some grass and 10 ducks/frogs.		Key Questions:	Twice as many	frame has unequal groups (odd
We will ask the children to		What is double 5? 4? Is this a	Key Questions:	numbers).
describe what they see and how		double or not double? How do	What is double 5? 4? Is this a	Vocabulary:
they see it.		you know?	double or not double? How do	Odd
			you know?	Even
				Equal groups

What do you see? How do you see it? What do you see? How do you see it? Where are <u>4</u> here, <u>5</u> there and <u>1</u> there. There are <u>10</u> altogether. Vocabulary: Parts Whole altogether Key Questions: What do you see? How do you see it? How	Use numicon shapes to help us learn the Doubling rhyme Double 5 is 10, let's say that again, double 5 is 10 Double 4 is 8, remember don't be late. Double 3 is 6, now we're in the mix. Double 2 is 4, let's have some more. Double 1 is 2, look what we can do, doubling! Vocabulary: Double Twice as many Key Questions: What is double 5? 4? Is this a double or not double? How do	Double 3 is 6, now we're in the mix.	Double <u>5</u> is <u>10</u>	Unequal groups Key Questions: What does this arrangement tell us about the number 10?
C				

Music Sing up Love learning, start singing	Personal, Social and Emotional development	Physical Development	Art and DT	Understanding the world (Cornerstones History and Geography Focus)	Understanding the world (Science, RE or Computing Focus) Barefoot Computing at School
LI. We are learning to sing a song in a call-and-response style. Activity: Today we will listen to music based on minibeasts and move around the space in response. We will explore making rising and falling buzzing sounds. We will then sing a song in a call-and- response style. Key Vocabulary: Call and response, quiet, loud, tempo	LI.We are learning to help ourselves go to sleep and understand why sleep is good for us Activity: Jigsaw Jenie (our cuddly Jigsaw piece) yawns and shows the children a dressing gown, pyjamas, teddy, hot water bottle, glass of milk, nightlight and a story book. We will ask the children to identify what time of the day these things are most	 LI. We are learning to explore different ways to travel. Activity: We will learn a new game to help us consider different ways to travel. The children line up at one end of the space. The aim of the game is to reach the wall or line opposite but they can only move towards the line in the following ways and on the coach's instruction. The coach will say: 	 LI. We are learning to share our clay creation, explaining the processes we have used. Activity: We will continue our work using clay this week. Each child will familiarise themselves with their design and think about the colours they would need to paint the models. The pupils will paint their models according to their designs. The children will be reminded that they must try to follow their design closely. If they 	 LI. We are learning to identify the features of plants. Activity: The children will go for a walk round the garden area and in pairs take photos of the flowers using iPads. Return to the class and discuss and label parts of the plant we found. Key Vocabulary: Stem leaves root petals 	LI. We are learning that the way people lived in the past is not the same as the way that we live now Activity: We will share the book <u>Major Glad, Major Dizzy</u> We will show the children the timeline at the bottom of each page and explain that a timeline shows events in the order they happened. We will show the children that the timeline moves from the

quietly and then loudly? What sounds most effective?	round Jigsaw Jenie and share what they do at home before they go to sleep (bedtime routines). Key vocabulary: Sleep, repair, grow, bed time routine Key Questions: What time do you go to bed? (Show time on clock.) What do you do before you go to sleep? What do you wear? Do you cuddle anything? Do you say prayers before sleep? Do you dream? What happens to our bodies when we are asleep?	 whilst taking a big two footed jump. I am brave - children repeat whilst taking a leap from one foot to the other foot. Option for children to roar like a brave lion. I am kind - children repeat whilst taking two steps. When the coach says 'I am coming' all children must run back to the start line without getting caught by the coach. Anyone caught taking more than the specified steps must go back to the start. After a few turns, invite a child to take on the teachers' role Key Questions: What travelling actions did you do on your feet? What other body parts did you travel on? 	encourage them to think about and verbalise why they wish to do so. When the models are dry the children could coat them with PVA glue and predict what might happen when they are dry. We will then show our models to the rest of the class, talking about what we did and how we did it. Key vocabulary Easy, difficult, plan Key Questions: What do you like about your model? How did you make (the tail, trunk, etc.)? Did you find it easy or difficult to follow your plan? Why? Is there anything you would change about your model or your design?	plants have roots? Why are the leaves and stem green? Do all plants have leaves?	age to the future. Explain that the story starts a long time ago when life was different for people. Spend time looking at the pictures in the story to see how life changes. We will look at and compare the toys that the children have to play with throughout the story. We will look at and compare the toys that the children have to play with throughout the story. We will then order real toys in order of when they were made. Key vocabulary: Past, present, parents, long ago, today, time order Key Questions: What were toys like in the past? What were they made from? What sort of toys do you play with? Did they have Xboxes and Nintendo switches when your mummies and daddies were children? What toys did your grandparents play with? How can we find out?
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Some of the other opportunities for learning inside or in the outside area (based on pupil needs and interests):

LI. We are learning to represent 10 in different ways (three groups)

LI. We are learning to talk about our own family's celebrations and compare with other families





Activity 1: use 10 frogs/ducks, children arrange in different ways on logs, pond, grass.

Activity 2: books about Diwali, pictures showing Diwali, small world activity.